

# Brushing, Flossing and Rinsing

## Everyday Ways to Prevent Tooth Decay

### Brushing

- Dentists recommend a child-sized toothbrush with soft bristles.
- Use a pea-size amount of fluoride toothpaste with cavity protection that is also gentle on enamel, and spit out the remaining toothpaste when finished brushing. Children under 2 years should consult a dentist prior to use of fluoride toothpaste.
- Brush at least **twice a day**, morning and bedtime, for about 2 minutes each time.
- Toothpaste works with a combination of fluoride to help repair and strengthen tooth enamel; gentle abrasives (such as silica) to help remove stains and plaque, and polish teeth; detergents (such as sodium lauryl sulfate) to create a foaming action that makes brushing easier; and other ingredients to help whiten teeth, freshen breath, etc.

### Flossing

- Helps remove plaque between teeth and below the gum line, and also helps prevent gingivitis, an early form of gum disease.
- Children should floss as soon as their teeth begin to touch.
- Until about age 8, most children need parents' help because they don't have the dexterity to floss. A plastic-handled "flosser" can make it easier.
- Floss regularly.

### Rinsing

- An antimicrobial rinse can kill germs that cause plaque, gingivitis and bad breath. Rinsing for 30 seconds, twice a day, can kill more plaque than brushing alone.
- A fluoride rinse can help strengthen teeth and prevent cavities.
- Children 6-12 years of age can use a rinse with adult supervision. Always read and follow the directions for the mouthrinse that you use.
- After rinsing, spit the rinse in the sink (don't swallow it).
- Rinse should be used in conjunction with brushing and flossing.

#### How to Brush



Brush the outer tooth surface of 2-3 teeth at a time along the gumline using a gentle circular motion. Move brush to the next group of 2-3 teeth and repeat.



Brush the insides of the front teeth by tilting the brush vertically; use the "toe" of the brush (the front half) with gentle, short up-and-down strokes.



On the chewing surfaces hold the brush flat and use a gentle scrubbing motion. Don't forget to brush the top of your tongue to remove bacteria that can cause bad breath.

#### How to Floss



Hold the floss between your thumbs and forefingers. Leave about 1" of floss between your hands.



Gently work the floss between your teeth. When you reach the gumline, curve into a "C" shape around the tooth, making sure to go below the gumline.



Gently glide the floss up and down several times between each tooth, including your back teeth. Apply pressure against the tooth while flossing. Unwind new floss as needed.

#### When Using a Flosser



Guide floss between teeth using a gentle back-and-forth motion. Move up and down against tooth to remove plaque and food (repeat for each tooth). Discard after use.